PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT/IL2008/001492

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From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

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NOTIFICATION CONCERNING
TRANSMITTAL OF COPY OF INTERNATIONAL
PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY
(CHAPTER I OF THE PATENT COOPERATION
TREATY)

(PCT Rule 44bis.1(c))

G.E. EHRLICH (1995) LTD. 11 Menachem Begin Street 52521 Ramat Gan

ISRAËL

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 27 May 2010 (27.05.2010)			
Applicant's or agent's file reference 45192			IMPORTANT NOTICE
International application No. PGT/IL2008/001492		ate (day/month/year) 2008 (13.11.2008)	Priority date (day/month/year) 15 November 2007 (15.11.2007)
Applicant	SENG ENTERI	PRISES LTD. et al	

The International Bureau transmits herewith a copy of the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (Chapter 1 of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 44bis)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 45192	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See item 4 below	
International application No. PCT/IL2008/001492	International filing date (day/month/year) 13 November 2008 (13.11.2008)	Priority date (day/month/year) 15 November 2007 (15.11.2007)	
International Patent Classification (8t See relevant information in Form I	h edition unless older edition indicated) PCT/ISA/237	•	
Applicant SENG ENTERPRISES LTD.			

1.	This international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter 1) is issued by the International Bureau on behalf of the International Searching Authority under Rule 44 bis.1(a).			
2.	This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet.			
	In the attached sheets, any reference to the written opinion of the International Searching Authority should be read as a reference to the international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) instead.			
3.	This report contains indications re	elating to the following items	:	
	Box No. I	Basis of the report		
	Box No. II	Priority		
Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability		ion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial		
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of invention		
	Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement		
	Box No. VI	Certain documents cited		
	Box No. VII	Certain defects in the international application		
	Box No. VIII	Certain observations on the international application		
4. The International Bureau will communicate this report to designated Offices in accordance with Rules 44bis.3(c) and 93bis.1 but not, except where the applicant makes an express request under Article 23(2), before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date (Rule 44bis.2).				
			Date of issuance of this report 18 May 2010 (18.05.2010)	
The International Bureau of WHO		· · · -	Authorized officer	
34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland			Simin Baharlou	
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rorm P	Form PCT/IB/373 (January 2004)			

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHO	DRITY	•	
To: G.E. EHRICH (1995)LTD. 11 MENACHEM BEGIN STREET 52521 RAMAT GAN		PCT WRITTEN OPINION OF THE	
ISRAEL	}	INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY	
			(PCT Rule 43bis.1)
-	-	Date of mailing (day/month/year)	13 MAY 2009
Applicant's or agent's file reference		FOR FURTHER ACTION	
45192		See paragraph 2 below	
International application No. International filing date		(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/monsh/year)
PCT/IL 08/01492	13 November 2008	(13.11.2008)	15 November 2007 (15.11.2007)
International Patent Classification (IPC) of IPC(8) - C12M 3/00 (2009.01) USPC - 435/305.2	or both national classificat	tion and IPC	1
Applicant SENG ENTERPRISES	LTD.		
This opinion contains indications related	ating to the following iten	ns:	
Box No. I Basis of the op	inion		
Box No. II Priority			
Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inver		rd to novelty, inventiv	e step and industrial applicability
Box No. IV Lack of unity of	of invention		
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bls. I(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applica citations and explanations supporting such statement		relty, inventive step or industrial applicability;	
Box No. VI Certain docum	ents cited		
Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application			
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application			
		ppii-unon	
2. FURTHER ACTION			•
If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA") except that this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.			
If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of 3 months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.			of 3 months from the date of mailing of Form.
For further options, see Form PCT/I		priority date, whichever	ы сарися інцег.
3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.			-
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US	Date of completion of	this oninion	Authorized officer
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Petents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450	30 April 2009 (30		Authorized officer: Lee W. Young
Facsimile No. 571-273-3201			PCT Helpdask: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

PCT Helpdask: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

Form PCT/ISA/237 (cover sheet) (April 2007)

International application No.

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Box	No. I	Basis of this opinion
l.	With r	the international application in the language in which it was filed.
		a translation of the international application into which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)).
2.		This opinion has been established taking into account the rectification of an obvious mistake authorized by or notified to this Authority under Rule 91 (Rule 43bis.1(a))
3.	establi	egard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, this opinion has been shed on the basis of:
	a. ty	e of material a sequence listing
		table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b. for	mat of material
	Ē	on paper in electronic form
	c. tin	te of filing/furnishing contained in the international application as filed filed together with the international application in electronic form furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search
4.		In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.
5.	Addit	onal comments:
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		•
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International application No.

PCT/IL 08/01492

Box No. 1V Lack of unity of invention
1. In response to the invitation (Form PCT/ISA/206) to pay additional fees the applicant has, within the applicable time limit:
paid additional fees
paid additional fees under protest and, where applicable, the protest fee
paid additional fees under protest but the applicable protest fee was not paid
not paid additional fees
2. This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose not to invite the applicant to pay additional fees.
3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rule 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is
complied with
not complied with for the following reasons:
This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be examined, the appropriate additional examination fees must be paid.
Group I: claims 1-11, 25-36 and 48-51, directed to a holding device for cells comprising an array of spaced picoliter wells, further wherein the holder may be translucent.
Group II: claims 12 and 13, directed to a method of forming a template for a picoliter well array. Group III: claims 14-24 and 37-47, directed to a method of forming a cell holding device having an array of picoliter wells.
The inventions listed as Groups I - III do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:
The special technical feature of the Group I claims is a holding device for cells comprising an array of spaced picoliter wells. The special technical feature of the Group II claims is a method of forming a template for a picoliter well array. These special technical feature of the Group III claims is a method of forming a cell holding device having an array of picoliter wells.
The only common technical element shared by the above groups is that they are related to an array of wells having picotiter volume. This common technical element does not represent an improvement over the prior art of US 2004/0219074 A1 to Childers et al. (see para [0015], [0028]) Therefore, the inventions of Groups I-III lack unity of invention under PCT Rule 13 because they do not share a same or corresponding special technical feature.
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4. Consequently, this opinion has been established in respect of the following parts of the international application:
ali parts
the parts relating to claims Nos.

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Box No. V	Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	der Rule 43 <i>b</i> ons supportin	is.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applica g such statement	ability;
1. Statemen	t			
Novel	ty (N)	Claims	1-6, 11, 34-36 7-10, 25-33, 48-51	YES
		Claims	7-10, 20-00, 40-01	NO
Invent	tive step (IS)	Claims	NONE	YES
		Claims	1-11, 25-36, 48-51	NO
Indust	rial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-11, 25-36, 48-51	
	and approximity (171)	Claims	NONE	YES NO
				,
Claims 7-10 lack As to claim 7, Bd (para [0142]; Fig (a) a pico liter w (b) a non-cell ho [0280]), wherein (para [0081]-[00	enn discloses a holding de g 31); ell erray region including a olding region (para (0068); fluid can be one or both a (82)).	evice (para [00 plurality of pir Fig 6, part 64] added and rem	ng anticipated by US 2005/0277125 A1 to Benn, et al. (hereinafter "Ben 176]-[0077]) for studying cells (para [0113]) comprising at least two defin co liter wells (para [0280]; Fig 6); and) in fluid communication (para [0159]; Fig 31) with said pico liter well reg loved from said non cell holding region without disturbing cells in said pi	ied regions lion (para icowells
[O 100], disclosin	ig a billio liolo, rig 31, par	ao) perweeu	ermeable (para [0099], [0110], disclosing porous reaction surfaces) barr said regions (Fig 31, part 98).	ier (para
As to claim 9, 8	enn further discloses wher	e the non-cell	holding array has an embossed design (para (0170]).	
As to claim 10, I	Benn further discloses who	are the pico lite	er well array is embossed (para [0170]).	
Claims 25-33 and 48-51 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by WO 2005/007796 A2 to Deutsch, et al. (hereinafter "Deutsch").				ereinafter
essentially of wa the cavity had plastics, or rubb wherein the wherein the the substrat	taving (pg 50, in 14-19, di aler (pg 49, in 3-19, disclor aving a substrate (pg 11, li er), substrate includes a surfas surface includes a multipl e is substantially transluce	sclosing picow sing 99% waten 25-31) and a see for receiving icity of pico lite ant (pg 17, lo 1	generally inert wall (pg 10, in 18-26, disclosing a wall made of ceramic g the medium (pg 12, in 1-15), and	consisting
As to claim 26, the substrate ha	Deutsch further discloses to a Refractive Index of 1.3	where the med 33 (pg 12, in 19	tium comprises water (pg 49, in 3-19, disclosing 99% water solutions) a 0-15).	nd wherein
As to claim 27, t	Deutsch further discloses	where the sub:	strate is moldable (pg 33, In 16-20, disclosing a device made through m	olding).
As to claim 28, 0	Deutsch further discloses v	where the sub	strate is inert (pg 45, in 4-14).	
As to claim 29, 0 is disposed between	Deutsch further discloses veen the carrier plate and	where the hold the substrate (fing device is a carrier plate (pg 6, tn 24 to pg 7, ln 3) and wherein a first (pg 43, ln 5-11; Fig 15A-15C).	t adhesive
As to claim 30, (Fig 14A-14C).	Deutsch further discloses ;	second adhe	esive disposed between the generally inert well and the substrate (pg 42	2, in 20-28;
As to claim 31, l ourable (pg 42, l	Deutsch further discloses v In 20-28, disclosing light-c	where at least urable adhesiv	one of the substrate, the first adhesive and the second adhesive are UV re 3051).	√-light
As to claim 32, to curable adhesive	Deutsch further discloses i e 3051, en acrylic adhesiv	where the first e).	adhesive and the second adhesive are acrylic (pg 42, in 20-28, disclosi	ing light-
*******	********See Suppleme	ntal Sheet to o	Continue************************************	

International application No.

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Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: BOX V(2):

As to claim 33, Deutsch further discloses a light source transmitting the UV-light through a bottom surface of the at least one cavity (pg 42, In 20-28; Fig 14B).

As to claim 48, Deutsch discloses a holding device (pg 6, in 27-28, disclosing a holder) for studying cells (pg 1, in 4-5) comprising:

a layer (pg 12, in 1-15) of substantially transparent substrate material (pg 17, in 19-28);
having a multiplicity of pico liter wells (pg 12, in 1-15; Fig 10A-10C);
having a refractive index of 1.33 (pg 12, in 10-15); and,
a wall structure attached to the substrate (Fig 15A-15C).

As to claim 49, Deutsch further discloses where the substrate is UV-light curable (pg 13, ln 8-20; pg 39, ln 12-18).

As to claim 50, Deutsch further discloses a first adhesive disposed between the wall structure and the substrate (pg 43, in 5-11; Fig 15A-15C).

As to claim 51, Deutsch further discloses

- a substantially transparent carrier plate (pg 6, in 23-27; pg 17, in 19-26; Fig 13-16);
 having a plurality of cavities (pg 50, in 14-19, disclosing picowells) surrounded by walls formed in a first surface of the carrier plate (Fig 13-16),
- wherein the layer of substantially transparent substrate material is disposed on the carrier plate (pg 6, in 23-27; pg 17, in 19-26; Fig 13-16).

Claims 1-6 and 11 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Benn in view of US 2005/0026299 A1 to Bhattacharjee, et al. (hereinafter "Bhattacharjee").

As to claim 1, Benn discloses a holding device (para [0076]-[0077]) for studying cells (para [0113]) comprising a spaced apart (para [0279]) pico liter wells (para [0280]). Benn does not specifically disclose a pturality of arrays. Bhattacharjee discloses a holding device for studying cells (Abstract; para [0066]) comprising a plurality of arrays (para [0007]; Fig 4, 5, 11B). It would have been obvious to a skilled artisan to combine the Benn and Bhattacharjee disclosures by using a plurality of the arrays taught by Benn on a holder. A skilled artisan would have been motivated to combine the references by the Bhattacharjee disclosure, suggesting such a configuration will provide benefits in fluid handling (para [0008]).

As to claim 2, Benn further discloses where the pico liter well arrays comprise embossed regions (para [0170]).

As to claim 3, Benn further discloses ploo liter well arrays (para [0280]). Bhattacharjee further discloses at least one barrier (para [0049], disclosing scores; Fig 11B) between two arrays (Fig 11B).

As to claim 4, Benn further discloses where the arrays are arranged in a two dimensional repeating pattern (para [0295]; Fig 19).

As to claim 5, Bhattacharjee further discloses where the arrays include at least two different well array designs (para [0011]; Fig 1, 2).

As to claim 6, Benn further discloses where the device includes at least one non-well embossed region (para [0158], disclosing a transfer plate) fluidically connected to at least one of said arrays (para [0159]).

As to claim 11, Benn further discloses pico liter well arrays (para [0280]). Benn does not specifically disclose a plurality of well array As to claim 1, betin further discusses pico liter well arrays (para [0.201]). Benn does not specifically discusse a plurality of well array regions. Bhattacharjee discusses a holding device for studying cells (Abstract; para [0.066]) comprising a plurality of well array regions (para [0.007]; Fig 4, 5, 11B). It would have been obvious to a skilled artisan to combine the Benn and Bhattacharjee discussures by using a plurality of the array regions laught by Benn on a holder. A skilled artisan would have been motivated to combine the references by the Bhattacharjee disclosure, suggesting such a configuration will provide benefits in fluid handling (para [0008]).

Claims 34 and 35 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Deutsch in view of US 4,684,538 A (Klemarczyk).

As to claim 34, Deutsch does not specifically disclose where the substrate is exposed to UV-light under vacuum pressure. Klemarczyk discloses an adhesive that is attached to a substrate (col 1, in 50-62), where the adhesive is cured by exposing it to the UV-light (col 13, in 62 to col 14, in 4) under vacuum pressure (col 14, in 7-25). It would have been obvious to a skilled artisan to combine the Deutsch and Klemarczyk disclosure by curing the adhesive taught by Deutsch under UV light and vacuum pressure. A skilled artisan would have been motivated to combine the references by the Deutsch disclosure, suggesting the use of a light-curable adhesive (pg 42, In 20-28).

As to claim 35, neither Deutsch nor Kiemarczyk specifically discloses where the vacuum pressure is in the range of 0.3-0.5 mmHg. However, such a range would have been obvious to a skilled artisan practicing the Deutsch and Klemarczyk disclosures through normal experimentation. A skilled artisan would have been motivated to use such a range in order to cure certain adhesives with different properties than those disclosed by Klemarczyk,

See the following Supplemental Sheet to continue******	***************************************

International application No. PCT/IL 08/01492

Supplemental Box		
In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: BOX V(2) and the preceeding Supplemental Sheet:		
Claim 36 lacks an Inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Deutsch in view of US 3,558,387 A to Bassemir, et al (hereinafter "Bassemir").		
As to claim 36, Deutsch does not specifically disclose where the substrate is exposed to the UV-light under inert gas. Bassemir discloses a curing adhesive (col 4, In 58-69) where an adhesive is exposed to the UV-light (col 2, In 52-58) under linert gas (col 3, In 65-68). It would have been obvious to a skilled artisan to combine the Deutsch and Bassemir disclosures by using method disclosed by Bassemir with the fight-curing adhesive taught by Deutsch. A skilled artisan would have been motivated to use such a method by the Bassemir disclosure, suggesting that curing the adhesive in an inert atmosphere reduces curing time (col 4, In 32-34).		
Claims 1-11, 25-36, and 48-51 have industrial applicability as defined by PCT Article 33(4) because the subject matter can be made or used in industry.		
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